

prise of more than 285,000 persons distributed in about 1,500 communities, constituting one of the largest indigenous peoples of the American continent.

Even if separated by national borders and sustaining high levels of violence, racism, forced displacement, murder and suicide, the Guarani resist in their own ways of life, strongly cultivating their language, customs and beliefs.

The omissions on the part of the relevant national States, mainly related to the non fulfillment of the constitutional guarantees of each country, regarding the access and exclusive enjoyment of their original territories, have generated, over the last decades, an environment of humanitarian crisis, through widespread violence. This crisis has led to physical confrontation for their basic rights of existence and the consequent murders of their leaders.



# campanhaguarani.org/guaranicontinental

# Panelists:

# Alberto VAZQUEZ AYLA,

Guarani Mbya, President ACIDI - Paraguay

## Jorgelina DUARTE

Guarani Mbya, coord. Aty Ñeychyro, Argentina

## Eliseu LOPES

Guarani Kaiowá - Aty Guasu Guarani and Kaiowá - Brasil

#### Modesta S. BACILIO

Guarani - Vice-president Asamblea Pueblo Guarani - Bolivia

Room IV

15:00 (Geneva)

WebCast through

Cimi's Social Media

10:00 (Brasilia/Buenos Aires)

9:00 (Asunción/La Paz)

## Victória TAULI-CORPUZ

UN Special Rapporteur on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Mederator:

#### Paulo LUGON ARANTES

Cimi's representative in Geneva

#### The Guarani Nation's Continental Council (CCNAGUA)

was created during the IV Guarani People's Continental Meeting (Asunción 2010), which brought together about 400 Guarani leaders from Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia and Paraguay and their grassroots organizations. CCNAGUA is made up of 48 leaders from 4 countries, of which 16 are from the Executive Secretariat, guaranteeing equal representation among Guarani peoples.